

Do carrier-selective contacts increase power conversion efficiency of solar cells?

No matter in crystalline silicon (c-Si) solar cells, perovskite solar cells, or in organic solar cells, carrier-selective contacts attract considerable interest and play an important role in increasing the power conversion efficiency of solar cells.

Do perovskite solar cells have carrier mobility?

Combining the potential profiling results with solar cell performance parameters measured on optimized and thickened devices, we find that carrier mobility is a main factor that needs to be improved for further gains in efficiency of the perovskite solar cells.

Can carrier-selective contacts be used for c-Si solar cells?

We believe that these understandings can contribute to the design and fabrication of excellent carrier-selective contacts, not only for c-Si solar cells but also for other solar cells such as perovskite solar cells.

Which carrier transport parameters are determined for aluminum back surface field photovoltaic devices?

Majority carrier transport parameters [carrier concentration ( $N$ ), mobility ( $\mu$ ), and conductivity effective mass ( $m^*$ )] are determined for both the n-type emitter and p-type bulk wafer Si of an industrially produced aluminum back surface field (Al-BSF) photovoltaic device.

What are the carrier transport properties of Si active layers in Al-BSF solar cells?

Majority and minority carrier transport properties of Si active layers within an Al-BSF solar cell are deduced from the optical Hall effect measurements performed under nominally dark conditions and under 1 sun illumination.

How are electrical transport parameters determined in silicon wafer solar cells?

Provided by the Springer Nature SharedIt content-sharing initiative Electrical transport parameters for active layers in silicon (Si) wafer solar cells are determined from free carrier optical absorption using non-contacting optical Hall effect measurements.

Silicon heterojunction (SHJ) technology marks a notable development in the photovoltaic sector, paving the way for solar cells with very high efficiency. At its core, SHJ ...

A solar cell is an electronic device which directly converts sunlight into electricity. Light shining on the solar cell produces both a current and a voltage to generate electric power. This process requires firstly, a material in which the absorption ...

In order to generate power, a voltage must be generated as well as a current. Voltage is generated in a solar cell by a process known as the "photovoltaic effect". The collection of light ...

3 Comparison of solar cells results from cast-mono and Cz wafers 3.1 Solar cell results. The first part of this study aims to compare solar cells fabricated from Cz-Si and CM-Si ...

The technological development of solar cells can be classified based on specific generations of solar PVs. Crystalline as well as thin film solar cell technologies are the most widely available ...

(a) working principle of solar cell with p-n junction structure and (b) loss mechanism in standard p-n junction solar cells. Because of the built-in potential of p-n ...

p-type solar cell with a minority carrier lifetime of 50 ns under 1 sun illumination). On the other hand, the cell's output current is also related to the lifetime. Since the minority carriers ...

In a-Si:H cells, the optimum efficiency is strongly determined by the trade-off between cell thickness and carrier collection efficiency: A large thickness is required to optimize the capture of incident light, but this reduces ...

Key learnings: Photovoltaic Cell Defined: A photovoltaic cell, also known as a solar cell, is defined as a device that converts light into electricity using the photovoltaic effect.; Working Principle: The solar cell working ...

Typical organic photovoltaic semiconductors exhibit high exciton binding energy ( $E_b$ , typically  $>300$  meV), hindering the development of organic solar cells based on a single photovoltaic material (SPM-OSCs). Herein, compared with the ...

Herein, we numerically study a model solar cell system that is based on a mixed electron-ion conducting perovskite active layer and vary the configuration of undoped charge blocking layers within the device. We find ...

Successfully designing an ideal solar cell requires an understanding of the fundamental physics of photoexcited hot carriers (HCs) and the underlying mechanism of ...

Photovoltaic devices based on organic semiconductors, including solar cells, indoor photovoltaic cells, and photodetectors, hold great promise for sustainable energy and ...

Y. Feng et al., Non-ideal energy selective contacts and their effect on the performance of a hot carrier solar cell with an indium nitride absorber, Appl. Phys. Lett. 100, 053502 (2012). ...

An interesting rule of reciprocity relates the SCE profile to the excess minority carrier concentration of PV cells in the dark. 54-57 As shown in these works,  $\eta(z) = u(z)/u(0)$ , ...

The standard method is to use the  $\eta$  eff value at a carrier density of  $10^{15} \text{ cm}^{-3}$  to link with the standard operating conditions of a solar cell . Variation in the illumination ...

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